

# THE SALT LAKE HERALD

Published Every Day in the Year.  
BY THE HERALD COMPANY

**Terms of Subscription.**  
DAILY AND SUNDAY—One month, \$5.00; three months, \$12.50; one year, \$45.00.  
SUNDAY—One year, \$10.00.  
SEMI-WEEKLY—(In advance) one year, \$15.00; six months, \$8.00.  
Subscribers wishing address of paper changed must give former as well as present address.  
All papers are continued until explicit order is received to discontinue. All arrears must be paid in every case.

## Total Copies of The Herald Printed in November, 1908.

1	13,515	10,555
2	13,515	10,555
3	13,515	10,555
4	13,515	10,555
5	13,515	10,555
6	13,515	10,555
7	13,515	10,555
8	13,515	10,555
9	13,515	10,555
10	13,515	10,555
11	13,515	10,555
12	13,515	10,555
13	13,515	10,555
14	13,515	10,555
15	13,515	10,555
16	13,515	10,555
17	13,515	10,555
18	13,515	10,555
19	13,515	10,555
20	13,515	10,555
21	13,515	10,555
22	13,515	10,555
23	13,515	10,555
24	13,515	10,555
25	13,515	10,555
26	13,515	10,555
27	13,515	10,555
28	13,515	10,555
29	13,515	10,555
30	13,515	10,555
31	13,515	10,555
32	13,515	10,555
33	13,515	10,555
34	13,515	10,555
35	13,515	10,555
36	13,515	10,555
37	13,515	10,555
38	13,515	10,555
39	13,515	10,555
40	13,515	10,555
41	13,515	10,555
42	13,515	10,555
43	13,515	10,555
44	13,515	10,555
45	13,515	10,555
46	13,515	10,555
47	13,515	10,555
48	13,515	10,555
49	13,515	10,555
50	13,515	10,555
51	13,515	10,555
52	13,515	10,555
53	13,515	10,555
54	13,515	10,555
55	13,515	10,555
56	13,515	10,555
57	13,515	10,555
58	13,515	10,555
59	13,515	10,555
60	13,515	10,555
61	13,515	10,555
62	13,515	10,555
63	13,515	10,555
64	13,515	10,555
65	13,515	10,555
66	13,515	10,555
67	13,515	10,555
68	13,515	10,555
69	13,515	10,555
70	13,515	10,555
71	13,515	10,555
72	13,515	10,555
73	13,515	10,555
74	13,515	10,555
75	13,515	10,555
76	13,515	10,555
77	13,515	10,555
78	13,515	10,555
79	13,515	10,555
80	13,515	10,555
81	13,515	10,555
82	13,515	10,555
83	13,515	10,555
84	13,515	10,555
85	13,515	10,555
86	13,515	10,555
87	13,515	10,555
88	13,515	10,555
89	13,515	10,555
90	13,515	10,555
91	13,515	10,555
92	13,515	10,555
93	13,515	10,555
94	13,515	10,555
95	13,515	10,555
96	13,515	10,555
97	13,515	10,555
98	13,515	10,555
99	13,515	10,555
100	13,515	10,555

**Largest Daily and Sunday Circulation in Salt Lake proved by investigation.**

## WEATHER FOR SALT LAKE.

Rising temperature; snow.

## THE METALS.

Silver, 48 1/2¢ per ounce.  
Copper ( Cathodes ), 17 1/2¢ per pound.  
Lead, 4 1/2¢ per 100 pounds.

## DR. THOMAS ON SCHOOL NEEDS.

In a most interesting address, Dr. George Thomas of the Utah Teachers' association, outlined what he regards as the needs of the public school system in Utah. Most of his recommendations are sound, some are debatable, and one, the suggested consolidation of the system to conform to county lines, is premature, if not altogether objectionable.

Briefly stated, Dr. Thomas would abolish politics from school boards, and to this end he would have school funds placed with responsible banks offering the best terms. This is entirely possible and desirable. The use of school funds as a political asset and without payment of interest by the bank benefited is a disgrace, an injury to the public and the means of petty political corruption in the manipulation of school elections. It should be abolished.

The union of teachers to look out for needed legislation and reforms could be used legitimately and profitably, or it could be made an instrument of harm, introducing political methods into school administration, as has been done in Chicago, and working injury to the morale of the teaching staff. Everything would depend upon the plan of organization, the officers chosen to administer the union's affairs and its attitude toward the public. Until the scheme is more thoroughly outlined and understood, it is open to debate, with the chances against its approval.

The abolition of salaries of boards of education is one of the perennial proposals. Whether better men and better service would result is yet to be established; probably it would be found that the honorary office would bring about the same grade of board members as the nominal salary now paid. Petty graft is a temptation to the unpaid board quite as much as to the salaried; and in the long run that community will be best served which devotes most attention to its school affairs, whether the board is paid or unpaid.

Theoretically, Dr. Thomas' demand for a larger unit of school government, the consolidation of the districts, is sound, but it should be modified by conditions as they exist. For instance, it is well to consolidate the districts in Salt Lake county outside the city, but it would be almost criminal to include the city and county under one board. Politics, the doctor's aversion, would inevitably be encouraged to seize with the large patronage that could be had from such an opportunity; the city, which is suffering now from imposition of unjust taxes from which it receives no direct benefit, would be burdened still further by unfair discrimination. The methods and conditions of instruction, the term of the school year, the class of pupils and the immediate purpose of the schools vary so much as between city and country that advantageous uniformity would be impossible. The conflict between city and rural governors would be inevitable, with corresponding injury to the interests of all the schools.

The longer normal term, the objection to children as teachers, the proposal to pension faithful service, are all admirable suggestions. There can be no debate as to the assertion that the teaching profession suffers by reason of inadequate compensation and unfavorable conditions. The Herald has often said, and repeats now, that no profession of such exalted standards and rigid requirements is so poorly paid. Few men of such ability as is needed in the schools can afford to teach; many of them leave the profession because they can make more money elsewhere. Those who remain often sacrifice worldly advantage to an unselfish enjoyment of their work.

What is true of them is also true of the women who devote their lives to school work. Conditions are wrong, all wrong, when the best teachers find themselves crippled financially after long years of devoted public service, and this state could well afford to lead the way in recognition of the fact. The

earning capacity, the morality, the good citizenship of the state depend very largely on the kind of teachers the public schools employ. Niggardiness, scrimping, lack of appreciation in the schools means inferiority in the men and women of the next generation. Economy in teachers' salaries is only another name for administrative meanness and folly; such as should have no part in any public service department, in the schools least of all.

## NEW CHIEF OF POLICE.

With the appointment of Samuel Barlow as chief of police to succeed Thomas D. Pitt, removed, the way is cleared for a new deal in that department of the public service. The new chief takes office under circumstances favorable to good discipline; he was urged to take the place, he named his own salary, which is an increase of \$900 a year over the price formerly paid, he has not been mixed up in any of his party's internal troubles, and the public has confidence in his honesty and desire to do good work.

Two handicaps confront Mr. Barlow. One is his lack of experience in police affairs, the other the problem of the disposition to be made of the criminal classes which have heretofore made their headquarters in Commercial street. With the assistance of officers trained in the work of the department, he should be able to handle routine matters well enough, perhaps better than his predecessor, who was no marvel of executive ability. The other question is more difficult, because it has been made a matter of political football without regard to the result, and he is apt to be embarrassed by a conflict between the mayor's views, the council's shifty expediency and the demands of citizens more or less interested in the outcome of the situation.

It is only fair to Mr. Barlow to assume that he enters upon his duties with a determination to do what he conceives to be right and to give the city an honest, efficient administration of the police department. He is entitled to the support of every citizen, regardless of political affiliation, because that is the only way he can secure the best service. It is, of course, possible that he may disappoint the public, but it would be manifestly unfair to take it for granted that his management of the department is a disappointment until conclusive evidence of the fact has been furnished.

So far as The Herald is concerned, it believes the appointment is as good as could have been made under the circumstances, and it expects to do what it can to promote the success of the new chief's administration in the hope that he can lift the police department to a better plane and re-establish it in the public confidence.

In passing, it may be remarked that the advance in the salary of the chief is exactly in line with the tenor of an editorial of yesterday, written before it was known that the council intended to take action. A good chief is worth the \$3,000 annually the council has provided by the new ordinance; a poor chief is worth less than nothing.

## WALL STREET AND SILVER.

Dispatches yesterday reported a characteristic Wall Street excitement over the fact that Senator Teller of the monetary commission had been in correspondence with Moreton Frewen, the London bimetalist, regarding the possible issue of government notes as limited legal tender secured by silver. Senator Teller made inquiry as to the chance of assurance from the Indian government that it would support such a move and refrain from melting its rupee coinage in case the United States issued such currency.

On the strength of this inquiry a tentative move only, the New Yorkers simulated alarm and were only quieted by a statement from members of the monetary commission that "the commission knows nothing of Senator Teller's correspondence with Mr. Frewen. Mr. Teller is acting absolutely independently and alone. No proposition to issue such notes has ever come before the commission for discussion, and if it had it would not have been entertained."

No reason is advanced why such a proposition would not be entertained. Presumably Mr. Aldrich and the other Republicans on the commission think it unnecessary to advance any reason. Yet the issue of limited legal tender notes secured by silver is not criminal, it is not even open to criticism as unsound finance. Its only serious fault in eastern eyes is that it would permit of the extended use of silver as part of the nation's currency and create a demand for the white metal that would tend to help the mining industry.

Under the present regime silver has not only been tabooed as legal tender, but it has been used as little as possible for subsidiary currency. The demand for coins of small denominations outruns supply, but the government refuses to meet the demand. In every way possible to a powerful government, silver has been relegated to about the status of copper, although a friendly administration could legitimately use large quantities of the white metal without violating any of the sacred traditions of the most rabid monetarist.

To note the tone of the comment on the Teller correspondence, it might be inferred that the Colorado senator had been caught planning a raid on the treasury or some treasonable act, whereas he was only suggesting a feasible plan whereby the United States might utilize one of its most valuable products in a way to promote the prosperity of the nation and stimulate a great industry without injury to anyone.

## SOCIETY

In an account of the Trent-Power wedding of last week, which was of interest to Salt Lakeers because of the bride having been at one time one of the very popular young girls here, the statement is made that the Trent home at East Auburn was a perfect bower of orange blossoms. Great branches of the orange trees with their golden fruit and white blossoms were used to decorate the house, and amidst this profusion of decorations the ceremony was performed in the early morning. A number of relatives of the groom, his parents and some cousins, came from New York for the occasion, and the relatives who enjoyed the wedding breakfast numbered twenty-six. Mr. and Mrs. Power will be at home after Jan. 15 at Bullion, where Mr. Power is superintendent of the Hidden Treasure mine.

Miss Elizabeth Niles entertained a few friends last evening, two tables enjoying the new "jig-saw" game. The new game was entered into with enthusiasm and became extremely popular in even one evening. A supper followed, when the Christmas idea was carried in out in all the appointments.

The music section of the Ladies' Literary club meets this morning at the club house, when a miscellaneous program will be rendered. Among those who will take part are Mrs. A. H. Peabody, Mrs. J. C. Hanchett, Miss Eleanor Prout, Mrs. J. J. Snyder, Mrs. Jack Taylor and Mrs. A. A. Kerr.

Miss Bees McMillan, who has been spending the last few weeks in Spokane with her sister, Mrs. Gustav Luewitz, will not return until early in the new year.

Mrs. Frank Knox and her little daughter Frances have returned from Ocean Park and will remain here over the holiday season. The two sons are home from college.

Mr. and Mrs. Miles Romney have announced the engagement of their daughter, Nora Mignon, to William H. Russell.

Dr. and Mrs. Jack Keith and their little daughter have gone to Evanston to spend Christmas with the Blyth family.

Judge and Mrs. C. S. Zane and Mrs. Wither are now at home in the Woodcroft apartments.

Mrs. Elizabeth Bonnemort will go to Provo today to spend the holidays with her daughter.

Mr. and Mrs. Willard Hanson returned yesterday from a stay of several days in Price.

Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Cross returned last evening to their home in Ogden after a day or so in town.

Mrs. E. L. Harlan entertained the members of the Quingenta club yesterday afternoon at her home.

Colonel and Mrs. Benjamin C. Lockwood have taken a house at 195 Douglass avenue, in Detroit, where they are at home.

Mrs. D. H. Perry, Mrs. Horace Perry and Mrs. Harold Perry, all of Ogden, spent yesterday in the city with friends.

Miss Dean Cairns has returned from the Agricultural college at Logan to spend the holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George D. Alder, at 55 First avenue.

Judge and Mrs. W. W. Barr of Carbondale, Ill., are visiting their daughter, Mrs. Robert E. Steele.

## WHY HE GOT A PASS.

(Indianapolis Star.)  
Sid Conger, member of the state fair board, has a big heart. He believes in repaying obligations. This is the reason he issued a pass to the fair last week under unusual circumstances.  
Conger was called from the administration building by a messenger, who said that he was wanted at one of the other gates. Just outside the grounds a man whom he did not know stepped up to him. "I'd like to get a pass to the fair," he said.  
"Why so?" said Conger. "What reason have you for asking for a pass?"  
"Don't you remember me?" said the stranger.  
"Can't say that I do," said Conger.  
"Why, that's strange," declared the man. "I can't understand that. Don't you remember about five years ago when I loaned you a wheelbarrow?"  
"The man took my breath away," said Conger. "This nerve was so great, and I gave him a pass. But to save my life I don't remember borrowing a barrow from that man. This is just one of the incidents that members of the board of agriculture have to stack up against."

## MAKING THE THING CLEAR.

(Boston Record.)  
The superintendent of a Sunday school class in Philadelphia recently called upon a visitor to "say a few words" to the class, the members of which are mostly children of tender age.  
The visitor, a speaker well known for his verbose and circumlocutory mode of speech, began his address as follows:  
"This morning, children, I purpose to offer you an epitome of the life of St. Paul. It may be perhaps that there are among you some too young to grasp the meaning of the word 'epitome.'"  
"Epitome," children, is in its significance synonymous with synopsis."

## WIT OF A SUFFRAGETTE.

(London Times.)  
Miss Mary Gawthorne, the suffragette, completely turned the tables on an inter-rapper, who, in a clumsy attempt to rile her, asked her, "Don't you wish you were a man?" by replying, "No; do you?"  
"Don't you think it would be a pity to have a man with your children?" asked a fellow youth, eager to score off a well known married suffragette who had just spoken.  
Miss Gawthorne reflected for a second.  
"Well," she said, her voice taking an earnest, intimate note, "I don't know about that; but I do think children should stay at home with their mothers."

## JUST TO MAKE SURE.

(Philippines Gossip.)  
An old farmer, who by hard work and thrifty habits had got together a small fortune, decided that the time had at length arrived when he was justified in ordering a family carriage.  
He went to a carriage builder and described in detail the kind of vehicle he wished to buy.  
"Now, I suppose you want rubber tires?" said the carriage builder.  
"No, sir," replied the old farmer, in tones of resentment. "My folks ain't that kind. When they're riding they want to know it."

## THE LIGHT THAT FAILED.

(Argonaut.)  
A dear old country gentleman and his wife paid a visit to the beach. While the simple pair were walking on the beach one evening they suddenly noticed the revolving light of a lighthouse. The old lady gazed at it with open eyes for some minutes, then she turned to her husband with a puzzled look.  
"Well," she exclaimed, "if the man in that ship hasn't lit that light this forty times, and it has gone out every time!"

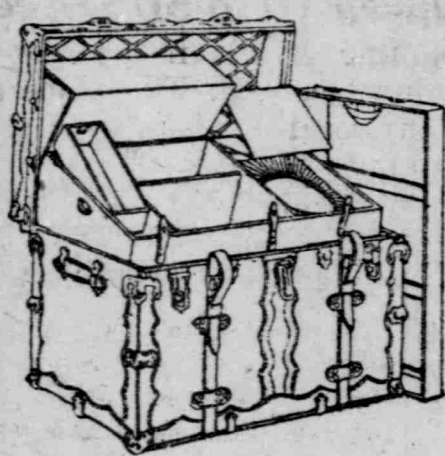
# Keith-O'Brien Company has captured the city

Shop in the forenoon. In the afternoon--just drop in and see.

Values to \$9.00 First Showing for Christmas Wear \$3.95 of a Special Lot of Snappy Millinery

Every hat is new—even the shapes are the latest. Navies, browns, greens, red, Alice blue, etc. These are real Christmas bargains. Sale today and tomorrow.

Fight the white plague by sticking Red Cross stamps on your packages. Buy these stamps--buy them in the interest of humanity. Buy them today.



# Hulbert Bros. Makers of TRUNKS

## Holiday Goods in Leather

Our goods being best in the beginning are cheapest in the end. Our goods are cheapest in the end, because best in the beginning.

A. B. C. Line of Bags and Suit Cases from \$4.00 to \$45.00.  
Toilet Fitted Bags and Cases from \$15.00 to \$100.00.  
Everything in Ladies' Bags and Purses, all leathers, from 50c to \$25.00.

Gents' Bill Books, Letter, Book, Card and Pass Cases, Collar Boxes, leather-covered Bottles and other articles too numerous to mention. All leathers and prices.  
Wardrobe, Bureau, Theatrical, Hat and Dress Trunks from 50c to \$150.00.

We carry the largest and finest stock west of Chicago.

## HULBERT BROS., Trunk Makers

South of Kenyon Hotel.

233 So. Main Street.

\$4.00 \$3.50 \$3.00

# Queen Quality SHOES



When you buy a piano it is worth \$200 extra to have the name—you know) on it. Hundreds of purchasers will pay this extra money as a guarantee of quality. Likewise when a woman buys a pair of shoes it is worth \$2 extra to have the name "Queen Quality" stamped on them. But it doesn't cost a cent extra! Think this over.

## Vincent Shoe Co.

110 SOUTH MAIN.

## YOUR INCOME

May be small. Perhaps you can't pay cash. Our accommodation account is at your service. Clothing for men and women.

\$1 a Week or \$4 a Month

## THE WESTERN OUTFIT CO.

266 STATE STREET.

Opposite the Knutsford.

We have no branch store in Salt Lake. Store open evenings to 9 o'clock.

Are you thinking what to get her for Christmas? Glance through our line of

## Bracelets and La Vallieres

We have them that look a lot and cost a little. One of our many fine lines for Christmas.



## Gunn-Quealy Coal Co.

## ROCK SPRINGS COAL

Ask your dealer for it, or Call 171 either phone.

T. J. O'BRIEN  
General Sales Agent,  
211 Herold Building.

## The CHARLTON SHOP

Women's Outfitters Exclusively. EXCLUSIVE

Tailor Made Suits, Coats, Gowns Evening Wraps at

Moderate Prices. Salt Lake

122 So. Main.

# Gigantic Sale of Slightly Used Pianos

## Deseret News Annex

17 W. S. Temple Ground Floor

Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday Only

## Chiropractic Will Cure Rheumatism

At this season of the year hundreds of people suffer intensely from rheumatism. It isn't necessary, because there's a sure, easy cure, and neither expense or lack of confidence need stand in the way.

Mrs. Pickard relieves rheumatism very noticeably even with the first treatment, and gradually drives it away.

Not only rheumatism, but female troubles, stomach and kidney trouble and many other ailments readily yield to chiropractic.

You need not suffer longer. See Mrs. Pickard today.

Consultations and examinations are free. You'll be welcome at any time.

Mrs. G. B. H. Pickard

217-218 Herald Bldg.

Office hours, 9 to 12 and 2 to 5

## Christmas Coal

When the folks come home and the holiday festivities are in full swing, it would be an awful thing if the house was cold and the dinner half cooked. Order it here today.

## Western Fuel Co.

73 South Main  
Tel. 719

## BOSTON DENTAL PARLORS

Honest work. Reasonable prices. Painless extracting. All work guaranteed.